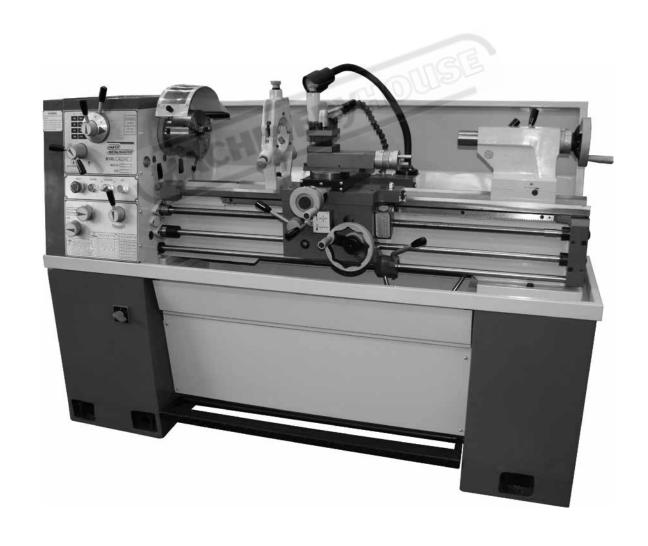
INSTRUCTION MANUAL

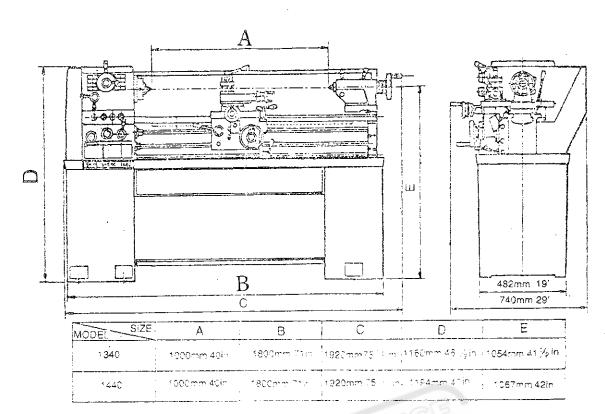
AL-540A
Centre Lathe (240V)
356 x 1000mm
Includes Digital Readout



INDEX

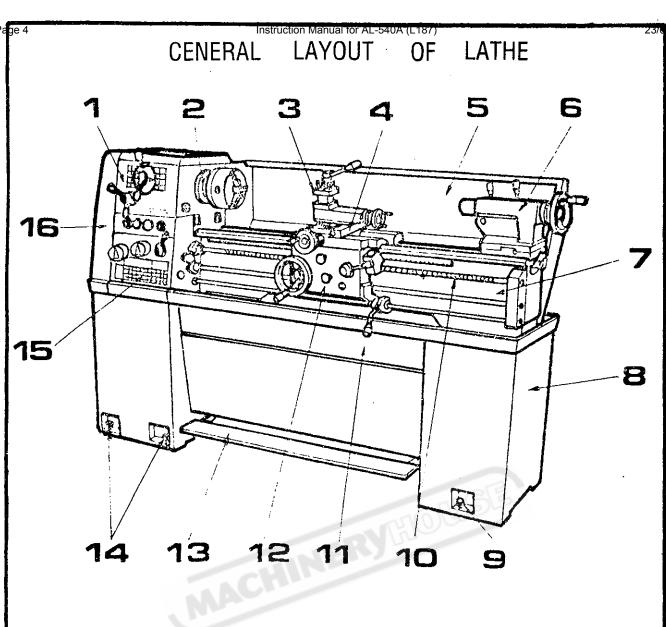
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BRIEF SPECIFICATION



SPECIFICATIONS

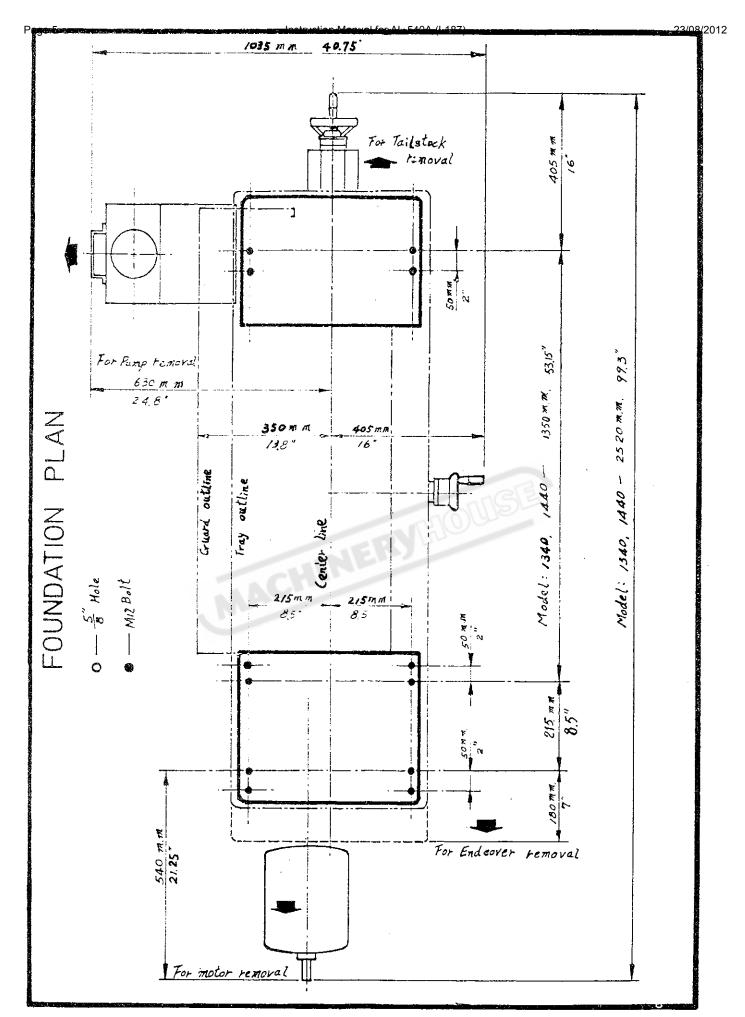
DESCRIPTION	INCH S	YSTEM	METRIC S'	VSTEM
MODEL	1340	1440	1340	1440
SWING OVER BED	13	14	330	356
SWING OVER CROSS SLIDE	7-5-8	* 8-5 8	195	220
DISTANCE BETWEEN CENTERS	40	40°	1000	1000
SWING OVER GAP	19"	20"	480	506
WIDTH OF BED	8-1 '9	8-1'9'	206	206
NUMBERED OF SPINDLE SPEEDS	8 or 16 (2 s	peed motor)	8 or 16 (2 spe	
RANGE OF SPINDLE SPEEDS	90 or 45 -	1800 RPM	90 or 45 - 1	800 RPM
HOLE THROUGH SPINDLE	1-1	/2"	38	3
SPINDLE NOSE	D1-4 C	Pamlock	D1-4 Ca	mlock
TAPER OF SPINDLE BORE	M.T	.No.5	M.T.N	
TAILSTOCK QUILL TAPER	M.T	.No.3	M.T.N	Vo.3
TAILSTOCK QUILL TRAVEL	4-1	/2"	11	5
CROSS SLIDE TRAVEL	6-1/2"	7"	165	180
COMPOUND REST TRAVEL	3-1/2"	4"	90	100
NUMBER OF METRIC THREADS		22	37	7
RANGE OF METRIC THREADS	(0.45-	7.5MM	0.4-7.0	MM
NUMBER OF INCH THREADS	-	40	28	
RANGE OF INCH THREADS	4-11	2 TPI	4-56 1	[P{
LONGITUDINAL FEEDS	(40) 0.0012 -	0.0294 in/rev.	(42) 0.043 - 0.	
CROSS FEEDS	(40) 0.0003 -	0.0100 in/rev.	(42) 0.015 - 0.	
MACHINE NET WEIGHT	1540 ip	1650 lb	700 kg	750 kg
CROSS WEIGHT	1810 lb	1936 lb	820 kg	880 kg

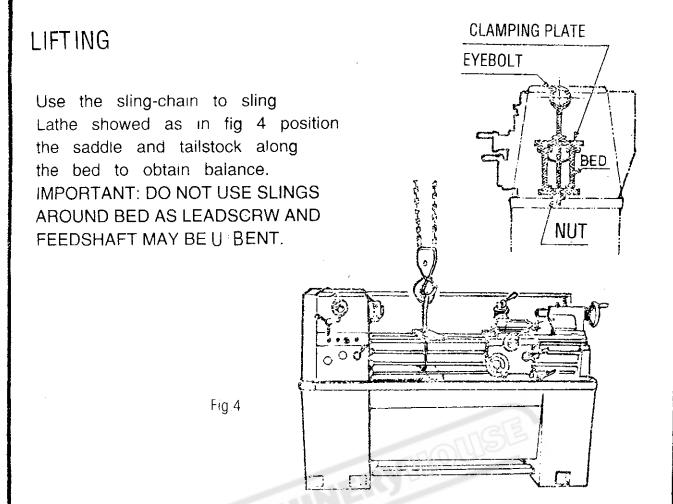


- 1. Headstock
- 2. Spindle
- 3. Top slide
- 5. Splash guard 13. Foot brake
- 6. Tailstock
- 7. Bed
- 8. Mounting feet

- 9. Tail-end plinth
- 10 Lead screw
 - 11. Chip pan
- 4. Saddle & cross-slide 12. Apron

 - 14. Head-end plinth
 - 15. Gear box
 - 16. End cover





CLEANING

Before operating any controls, use white spirit or kerosene to remove the anticorrosion coating from all slideways and the endgear train.

DO NOT USE CELLULOSE SOLVENTS FOR CLEANING AS THEY WILL DAMAGE THE PAINT FINISH.

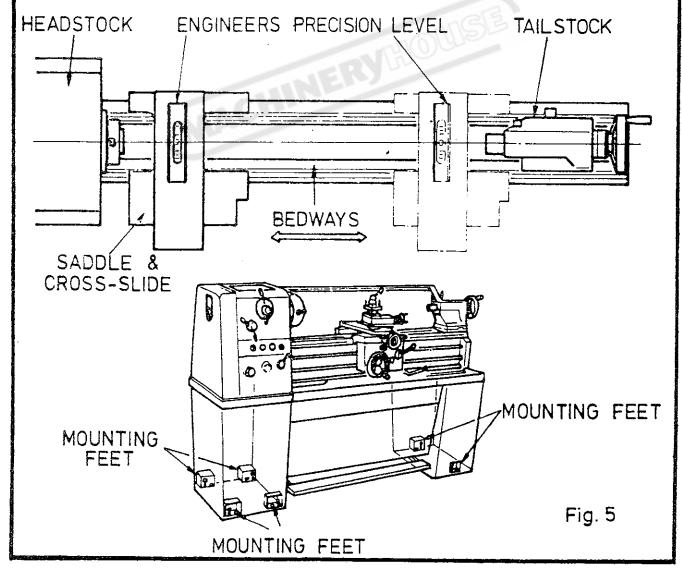
Machine surface becomes bright immediately after cleaning using machine oil or slideway lubricant. Use heavy oil or grease on the end gears.

INSTALLING

Located the machine on a solid foundation, allowing sufficient area all round for easy working and maintenance (see Foundation Plan). The lathe may be used free-standing or bolted to the foundation.

Free-standing: Position lathe on foundation and adjust each of the six mounting feet to take equal share of the load. Then using an engineers precision level on the bedways (as in Fig 5) adjust the feet to level up machine periodically check bed level to ensure continued lathe accuracy.

Fixed installation: Position lathe over six bolts (1/2 in. or 12 mm. diam.), set into the foundation to correspond with holes in the mounting feet. Accurately level the machine as in Fig 5, then tighten hold-down bolts and recheck bed level.



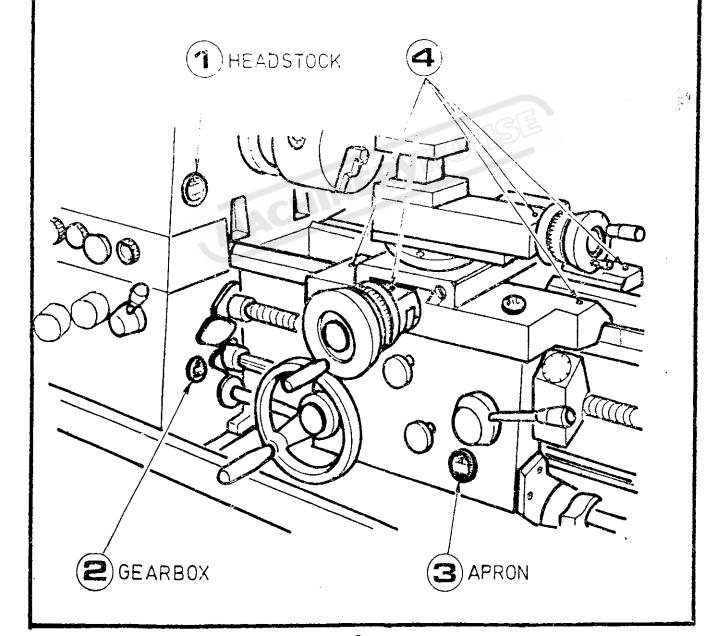
23/08/2012

LUBRICATION

CHECKS

Before operating the machine, make the following important checks:

- 1. The headstock is filled to level marked on oil sight window with Shell Tellus Oil 27.
- 2. The gearbox is filled to level marked on oil sight window with Shell Tellus Oil 27.
- 3. The carriage apron is filled to level marked on oil sight window with Shell Tonna 33.
- 4. In addition, apply light machine oil or way lubricant to the points shown on lubrication diagram which require daily oiling.



CHUCKS AND CHUCK MOUNTING

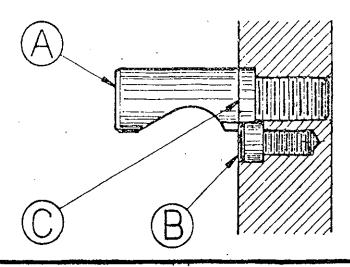
WARNING: GREY-IRON CHUCKS MUST NOT BE FITTED ON THIS HIGH-SPEED LATHE. USE ONLY DUCTILE IRON CHUCKS.

When fitting chucks or faceplate, first ensure that spindle and chuck tapers are scrupulously clean and that all cams lock in the correct positions. See Fig 7, it may be necessary when mounting a new chuck to re-set the camlock studs(A) to do this. Remove the cap-head locking screws(B) and set each stud so that the scribed ring(C) is flush with the rear face of the chuck-with the slit lining up with the locking screw hole (see Fig 7).

Now mount the chuck or faceplate on the spindle nose and tighten the three cams in turn. It must be fully tightened. If any of the cams do not tighten fully remove the chuck or faceplate and re-adjust the stud. Fit and tighten the locking screw (B) at each stud before remounting the chuck for work.

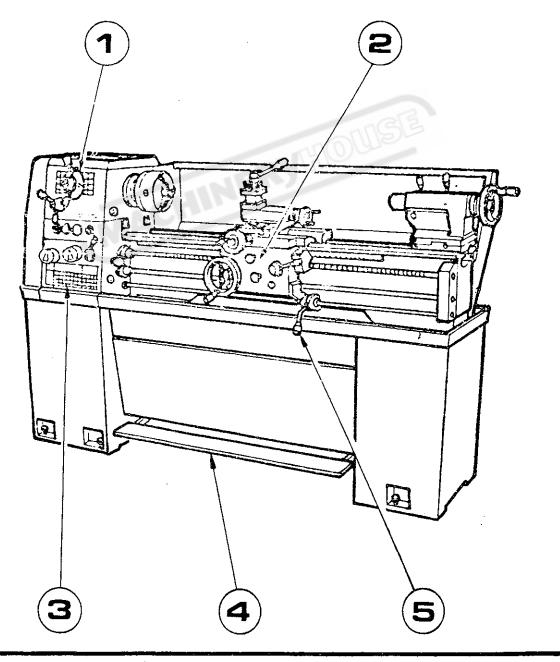
This will assist subsequent remounting. Do NOT INTERCHANGE CHUCKS OR FACE PLATES IF LATHE WITHOUT CHECKING UP CORRECT CAMLOCKING.

IMPORTANT: Take care note of speed limitations when using faceplate. 10 in faceplates should not be run at speeds greater than 770 rev/min.



LATHE CONTROLS

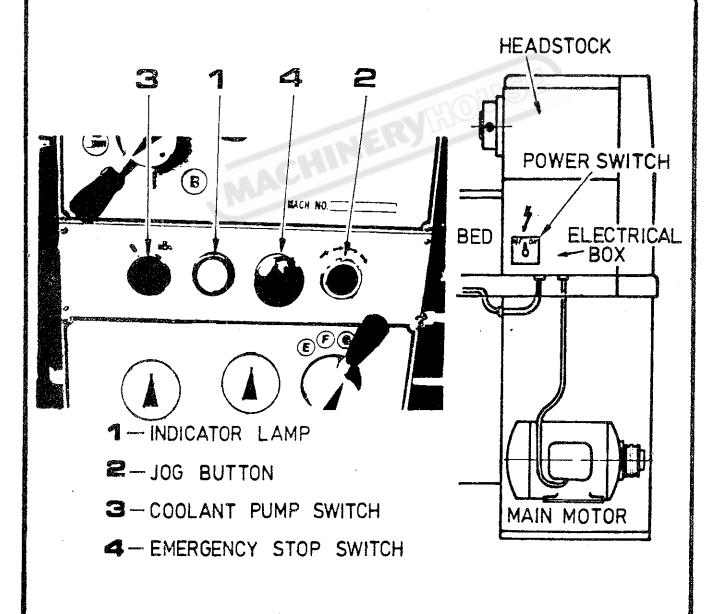
- 1. Spindle speed selector.
- 2. Apron, surfacing or sliding feeds.
- 3. Gearbox, threads and feeds.
- 4. Footbrake.
- 5. Main motor rotation (forward and revers).



ELECTRICAL CONTROLS

The power switches are fitted on the face of electrical box in back of the bed and below the headstock. Except the main switch, all electrical controls are fitted in the front of the headstock.

- 1. Move the power switch set at ON position then the indicator lamp glows.
- 2. Press the GREEN button. The main drive motor can be running with a moment. (While the main motorrotation lever is set in the neutral position.)
- 3. Coolant pump ON/OFF push button.
- 4. Press the RED button to stop the main motor and coolant pump.

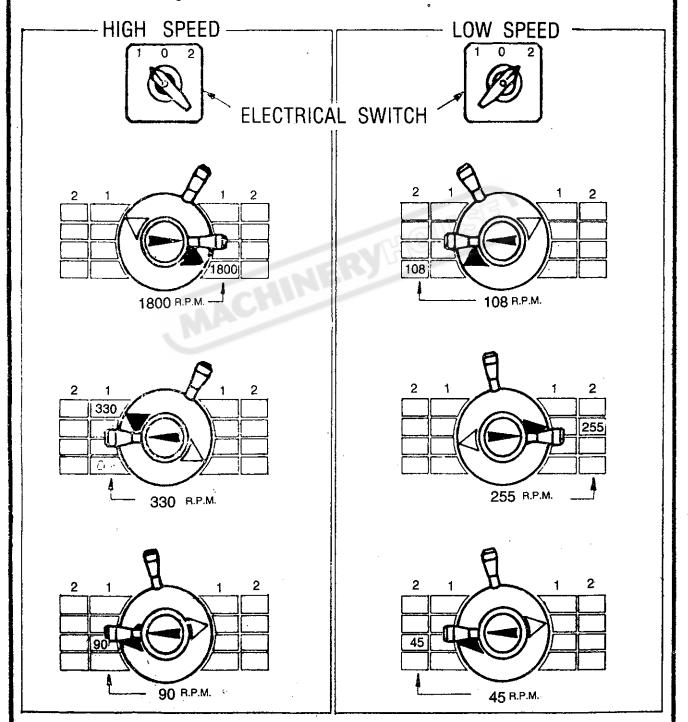


SPEED CONTROLS

(2 SPEED MOTOR)

Spindle speeds: Selected by the two lever controls and a electrical switch, on the headstock and stand. The sixteen available speeds are shown directly on the data plate. While the electrical switch set at (1) position, the small lever roated right-hand side, it provides speeds from 1800-510 r.p.m., and rotated to left-hand side, ot provides speeds from 330-90 r.p.m. Then move the large lever to the oppropriately coloured arrow aligned with the required speed on the data plate. While the electrical switch set at (2) position, it provides speeds from 900-255 r.p.m. and 165-45 r.p.m.

When the small lever set at upper or bottom position, the spindle is free for hand rotation.

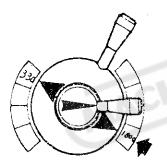


SPEED CONTROLS

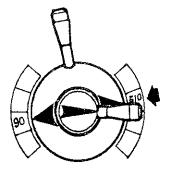
Spindle speeds: Selected by the two lever controls on the head-stock. The eight available speeds are shown directly on the data plate. Rotate the small lever to right-hand slide, speeds can run from $1800-510~\rm r.p.m.$ and rotate to left-hand side, provided speeds can be from $330-90~\rm r.p.m$ Then move the large lever until the oppropriately coloured arrow is aligned with the required speed on the date plate.

When the small lever set at upper or bottom position the spindle is free for hand rotation.



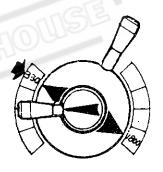


1800 r.p.m.

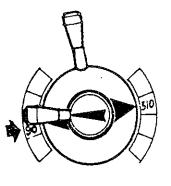


510 r.p.m.

LOW SPEED



330 r.p.m.



90 rpm.

THREADS AND FEEDS

(Metric Gearbox)

directly available from the feeds gear All and the threads data plate the in the fitted on box are shown front of the The setting of control levers is shown in bellow. gear--box.

range position of lever (Y) provide a can The position range. Do coarse thread threads: the Α a delect speeds higher (A position) spindle than at 770 the range rev min.

THREADS AVAILABLE

37 Metric threads 0.4 to 7.0 mm.pitch

28 Whitworth threads 4 to 56 t.p.i.

The endgear train should be arranged as in the diagrams shown on the data plate to suit threading requirements.

Feeds: longtudinal feeds per spindle revolution range from 0.043 to 0.653 mm.

cross feeds per spindle revolution range from 0.015 to 0.220 mm.

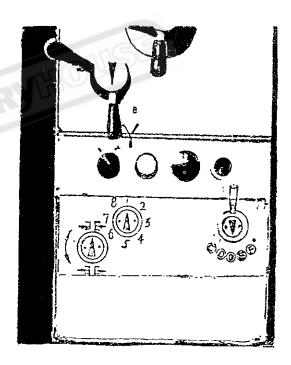


Fig.12

										216	K								7 F. }+-								
	uui	W .	1	2	3	4	6	7	8	**	~- -	1	2	3	4	6	7	8	$\Box m$	ü	2	1	2	2	1	1	1
201	c	A	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5	7.0	D	A	0.373	0.420	0.466	0.513	0.561	0.608	0.653	(Int)	-	40	40	32	32	30	30	30
		В	2.0	2.25	2.5	2.75	3.0	3.25	3.5	-	В	0.188	0.214	0,233	0.256	0.260	0.303	0.327	W)-	60	60	60	66	60	65	70
(1)	Ξ	A	1.0	1.125	1.25	1.375	1.5	1.625	1.75	F	Α	0.109	0.122	0.135	0.149	0.163	ö.177	0.190		A	4	4=	5	5 <u>/</u>	6	62	7
		В	C.5		0.625		0.75		0.875	•	В	0.054	0.060	0.057	0.074	0.081	0.038	0.025	С	В	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Е	A	8.0	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	F	A	0.087	0.098	0.100	0.119	0.131	0.141	9.152		A	16	18	20	22	24	26	28
	_	В	0.4	0.45	0,5	0.55	0.6	0.65	0.7	•		0.043	0.049	0.054	0.059	0.065	0.071	0.076	E	В	32	36	40	44	48	52	56

THREADS AND FEEDS

(Inch Gearbox)

All the threads and feeds directly available from the gear box are shown on the data plate fitted on the front of the gear—box. The setting of control levers is shown in Fig 13.

The B position of lever (Y) can provide a range of fine threads; the A position a coarse thread range. Do not delect the range (A position) at spindle speeds higher than 770 rev/min.

THREADS AVAILABLE

- 40 Whitworth threads 4.0 to 112 t.p.i.
- 22 Metric threads 0.45 to 7.5 mm. pitch

The endgear train should be arranged as in the 'diagrams' shown on the data plate to suit threading requirements.

Feeds: longtudinal feeds per spindle revolution range from .0012 to .0294 in (0.0030 to 0.746 mm.)

cross feeds per spindle revolution range from .0004 to .0108 in. (0.010 to 0.271 mm.)

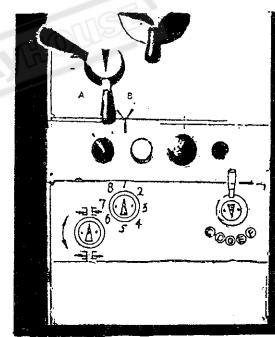


Fig.13

mi		(*/r	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	elk	127	Qu	12	<u>'</u>) 40		30
112°	A	D	4 .0294	4 <u>ź</u> .0251	5 ,0235	.œH	5.1 ,0205	6 _0196	6 ±	.0168	7100	120	3 2	16	129	40	120	5.
	Λ	С	8	9	10	11	11	12	13	14					·			
	Λ	D	.0147	.0131	0117	, 0107	, 0102	0098	0030	.0081		,	3	6	3	1	2	3
~0"	В	D	16 .0073	18 0065	20 0058	22	23	24	26 0045	28	AC	7.5	6.0	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.0	
(12)		E	32	36	40	44	46	48	52	56	BC	3.75	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.25	2.0	1.8
	A	F	0042	0038	.0034	0031	_ 0030	0028	.0025	0021	AE		1.5	1.25	1,2	 	1.0	0.9
	B	E	64	72	80	88	92	96	104	112	BE		0.55		-	1		0.45
	В	F	0021	0019	0017	.0015	, 0015	.0014	.0013	0012	DE		0.75		0.6		0.5	0.45

THREADING DIAL INDICATOR

A. Whitworth threads

Located on right-hand side of the apron on lathes having an English leadscrew. Engage the indicator pinion with the leadscrew and tighten the handnut to retain indicator in engagement.

To cut threads of an even number per inch, close theleadscrew nut as ANY line on the dial passes the datum mark. To cut threads of odd numbers per inch, close the leadscrew nut at any NUMBERED line

Fractional threads of $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$ t.p.i. may be cut by closing the nut at the SAME numbered line on each pass of the tool.

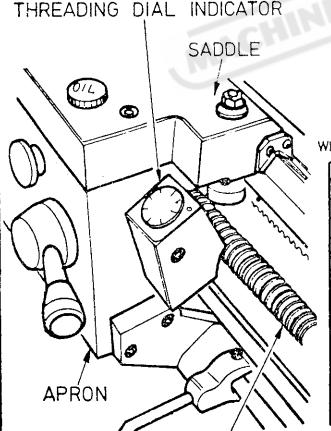
This dial cannot be used with an English leadscrew to cut metric threads, or fractional threads. For these the leadscrew nut must be kept closed and the machine reversed by use of the Change-over switch, after each cutting pass and tool with drawal.

B. Metric threads

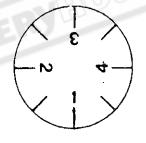
The thread dial used for cutting metric screw threads on lathes equipped with metric leadscrew. To provide for the various pitches of metric threads, several gears having different numbers of teeth are mounted on the lower end of the shaft. The vertical position of the thread dial indicator is changed as required so that the correct gear for the pitch of the thread to be cut will mesh with the leadscrew.

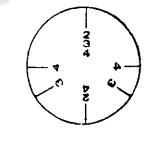
Each guaduation on the dial is marked with a letter which indicates the points at which the halfnuts may be engaged for certain threads. A diagram is supplied with the thread dial to show which gear and which graduations must be used for each pitch of metric screw thread.





LEADSCREW





HIT V TPI	VOR	TPI	THR	EAD TPI	DIAL T	F
4	1-8	12	1-8	38	1-8	F
41	1.3	13	1-4	40	1-8	Ì
43	1	14	1-8	44	1-8	-
5	1-4	16	1-8	48	1-8	t
5 ½	1.3	18	1-8	52	1-8	-
6	1-8	19	1-4	56	1-8	ŀ
61/2	$\frac{1.3}{2.4}$	20	1-8	64	1-8	ļ
7	1-4	22	1-8	72	1-8	-
8	1-8	24	1-8	76	1-8	ļ
9	1-4	26	1-8	80	1-8	ŀ
$g_{\frac{1}{2}}$	$\frac{1.3}{2.4}$	28	1-8	88	1-8	İ
10	1-8	32	1-8	96	1-8	ŀ
(II	1-4	38	1-8	100	1-8	ŀ
EAD:	SCRI	ΞW	PIT	CH	8TPI.	t

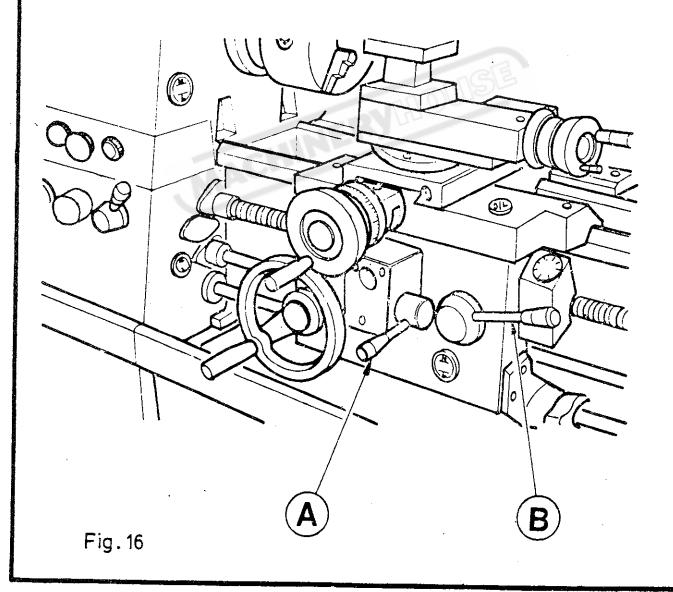
MET	RIC	TH	READ	DIA	L	ĺ
P.C.	T	Ţ.	P.C.	T	1	l
0.4	20	4	1.4	21	3	l
0.45	27	3	1.5	27	3	Į
0.5	20	4	1.625	26	2	١
0.55	22	Z	1.75	21	3	Į
0.6	27	3	2.0	20	4	Į
0.625	20	4	2.25	37	3	ļ
0.65	26	2	2.5	20	4	i
0.7	21	3	2.75	22	2	١
0.75	27	3	3.0	27	3	l
0.8	20	4	3.25	26	2	ļ
0.875	21	3	3.5	21	3	l
0.9	27	3	4.0	20	4	I
1.0	20	4	4.5	27	3	I
1.1	22	2	5.0	20	4	l
1.125	27	3	5.5	22	2	İ
1.2	27	3	6.0	27	3	İ
1.25	20	4	6.5	26	2	Į
1.3	26	2	7.0	21	3	ł
1.375	22	2				Í
			0.2041	4 141		l

APRON CONTROLS

Page

In addition to handwheel traverse, the carriage can be power-operated through controls on the front of the apron, see Fig 16 knob(A). If move handle(A) upwards, carriage would do longitudinal-feed operation. If move handle(A) in middle position, it would do manual operation. If move handle(A) downwards, it would do cross-feed operation.

Lever (B) is pressed downward to engage the leadscrew nut for screwcutting. To avoid-undue wear. Release the nut except when screwcutting.

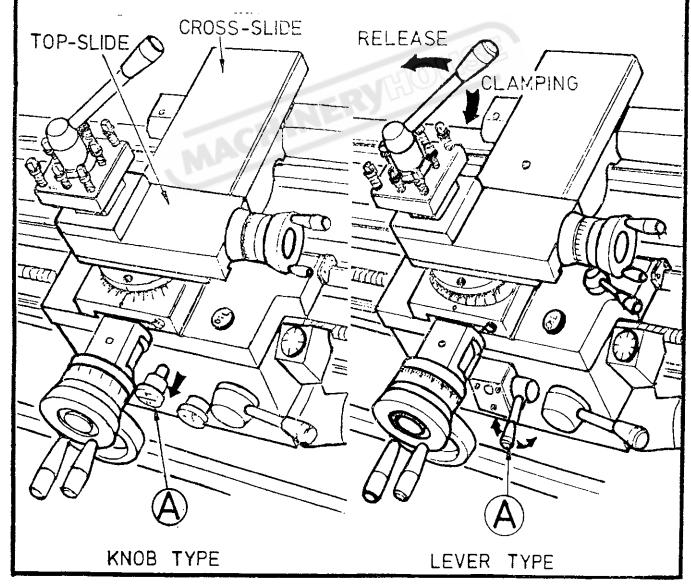


CROSS-SLIDE AND TOP-SLIDE

A solid topslide is fitted as standard to the cross-slide. Carried on a rotatable base, the cross-slide is marked 45-0-45 deg. for accurate indexing.

Handwheel dials are graduated in inch or metric divisions to suit the operating screw and nut fitted.

The cross-slide can be power operated by pulling out the hand knob (A), at one-third sliding feed per spindle revolution, or it can be hand-operated using the large-diameter dial graduated in either inch or metric division to suit the operating screw and nut fitted.

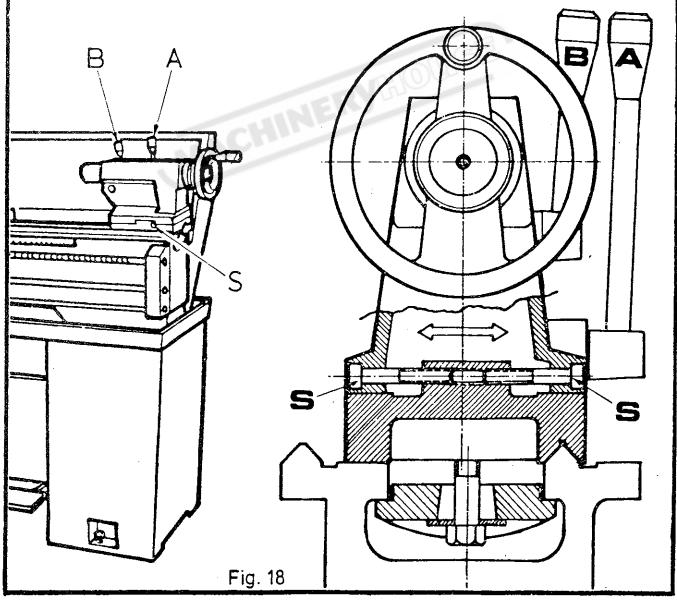


TAIL STOCK

Can be free movement along the bed by unlocking the clamp lever (A).

The tailstock barrel is locked by lever (B).

The tailstock can be set-over for production of shallow tapers or for realignment. Release the clamping lever and adjust screws (S) at each side of the base to move tailstock laterally across the base. An indication of the setover is given by the datum mark (C) at the tailstock end face, as shown in Fig 18. Apply clamp lever after adjustment of set-over.

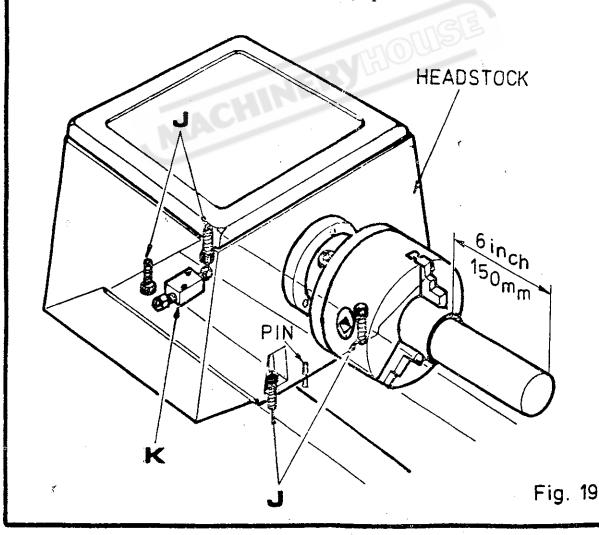


LATHE ALIGNMENT (part 1)

With the lathe installed and running, we recommed a check on machine alignment before commencing work. Check levelling and machine alignment at regular periods to ensure continued lathe accuracy.

Headstock check: Take a light cut-with a keen tool over a 6 in. (150mm.) length of 2 in. dia. (50mm.) steel bar gripped in the chuck but not supported at the free end. Micrometer readings at each end of the turned length (at A and B of Fig 19) should be the same.

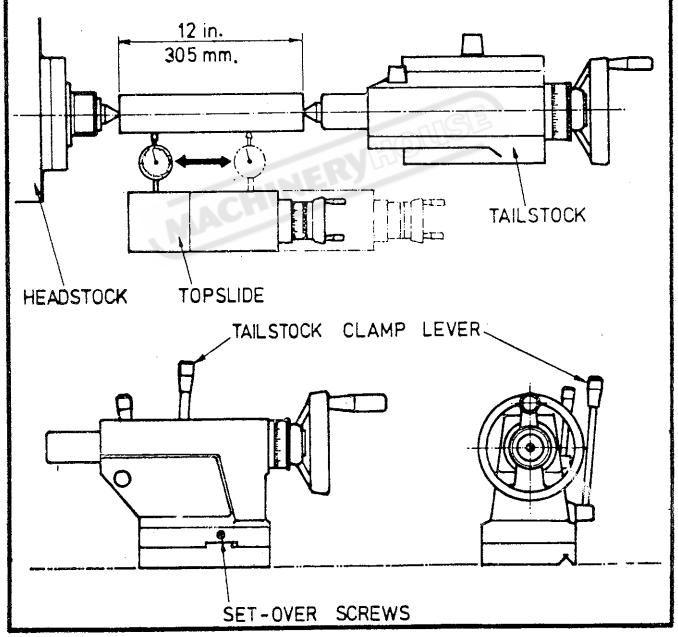
To correct a difference in readings, slacken and release the four headstock hold-down screws (J) shown in Fig 19 and adjust the set-over pad (K) beneath the headstock. Then tighten all screws. After adjustment, repeat the test-cut/micrometer-reading until micrometer readings are identical so that machine cutting will be absolutely parallel.



LATHE ALIGNMENT (part 2)

Tailstock check: Using a 12 in. (305 mm.) ground steel bar fitted between centers of headstock and tailstock. Check the alignment by fitting a dial-test indicator to the topslide and traversing the center line of the bar.

To correct error, release the tailstock clamp lever and adjust the two set-over screws provided. Continuously check and correct until the alignment is perfect.

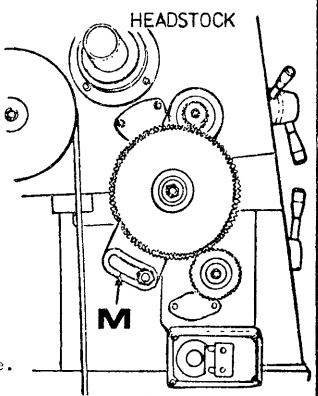


END GEAR TRAIN

Drive from headstock to gearbox is transmitted through a gear train enclosed by the headstock end-guard. Intermediate gears are carried on an adjustable swing frame (M).

Gears must be thoroughly cleaned before fitting and backlash maintained at .005in.

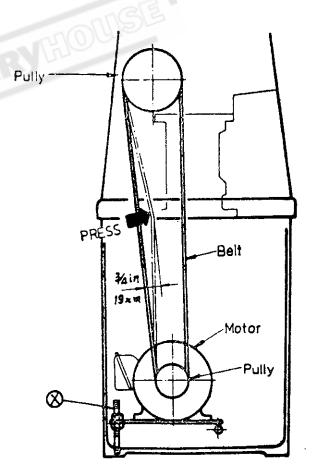
(.127 mm.) Lubricate gears regularly with thick oil or grease.



DRIVING BELTS

To alter belt tension, remove the coverplate in back of the headstock plinth and adjust the two screws (X) on the hinged motor platform. Ensure that the motor is correctly alighted with the lathe axis.

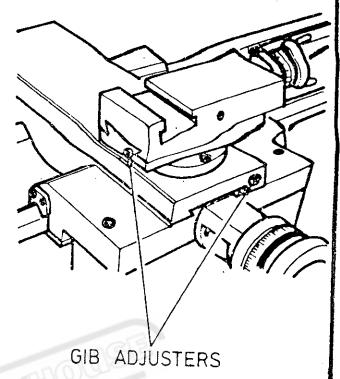
Light finger pressure at a point midway between motor and headstock pulleys should produce about 3/4 in. (19mm.) movement of each belt when under correct tension.



SLIDE WAYS ATTENTION

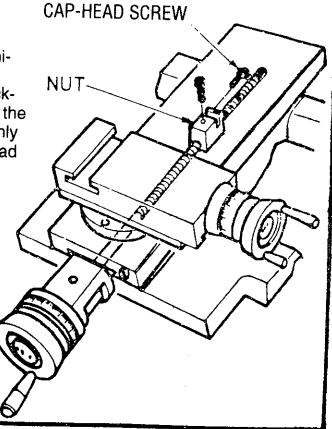
Tapered gib strips are fitted toslideways of saddle cross-slide and top (compound) slides so that any slackness which may develop can be rectified.

Ensure that slideways are thoughly cleaned and lubricated before attempting adjustment. Then reset the gibs by slackening the rear gib screw and tightening the front screw. Check constantly for smooth action throughout full slide travel. avoid over-adjustment which can result in increased wear-rate and stiff or jerky action.



CROSS-SLIDE NUT

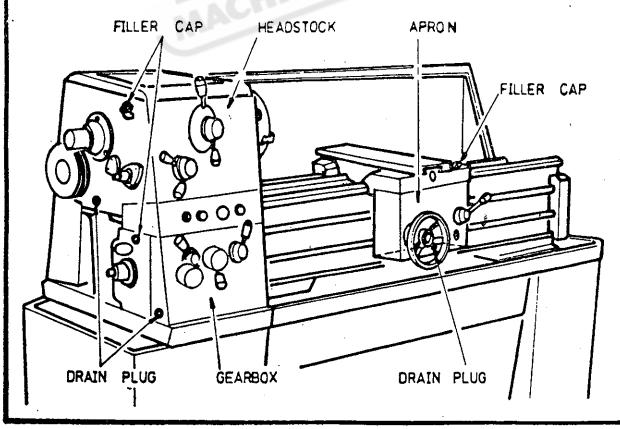
This is adjustable for elimination of slackness which may develop in service. Reduce backlash by the cap-head screw in the rear of the nut. Then make only small adjustment by the cap-head screw. Before operating the cross-slide, check several times by hand to be sure of smooth operation throughout travel.



LUBRICATION (part 1)

The headstock and gearbox are splash-lubricated from an internal reservoir of oil (Shell Tellus 27). Check the oil level constantly to the mark on the oil sight window in the front end face of the headstock and gearbox. A weekly check is recommended. The oil need be changed every year. Oil through a filler cap in the top of the headstock and gearbox is covered by the end-guard. Drain from a drain plug in the bottom of the headstock and gearbox.

The apron is lubricated from an internal reservoir of oil. The oil sight window is in the front of the apron. A filler cap is in the top of the saddle. Refill the reservoir to the level of the oilsight with Shell Tonna oil 33. The apron can be drained by unscrewing a hexheaded drain plug in the bottom.



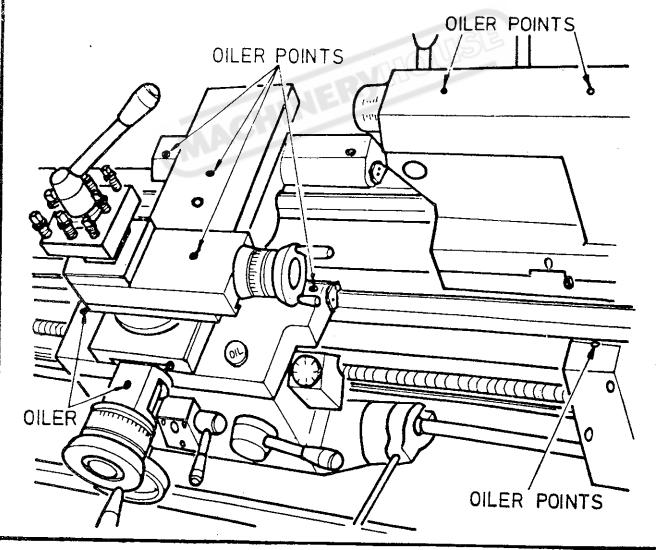
LUBRICATION (part 2)

In addition, oil gun is provided for the saddle, cross-slide, cross-slide, cross-slide nut and top-slide(compound slide) to oil. Leadscrew using a oil gun can be oild with light machine oil or way lubricant.

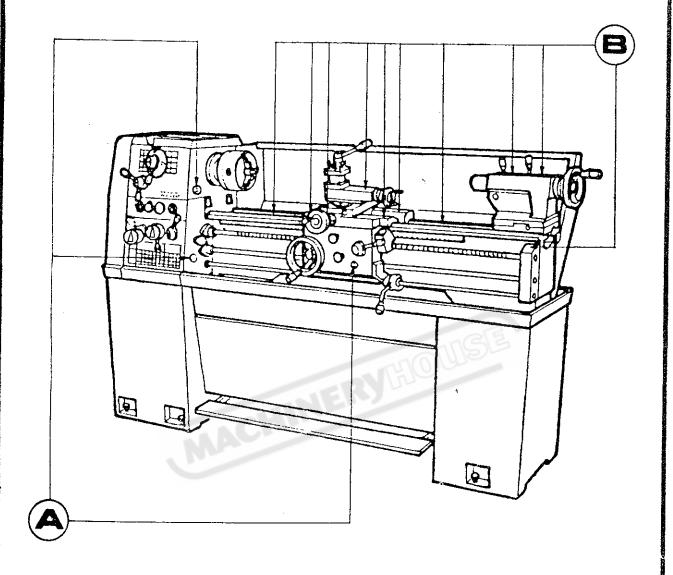
On the tailstock, oil points are provided for daily attention from a standard oil can.

It is recommended that all slideways, leadscrew and feed shaft are cleaned off (a bristle paint brush is useful for this) and lightly oiled after each period of work.

NOTE: Using incorrect grades of oil can cause damage.

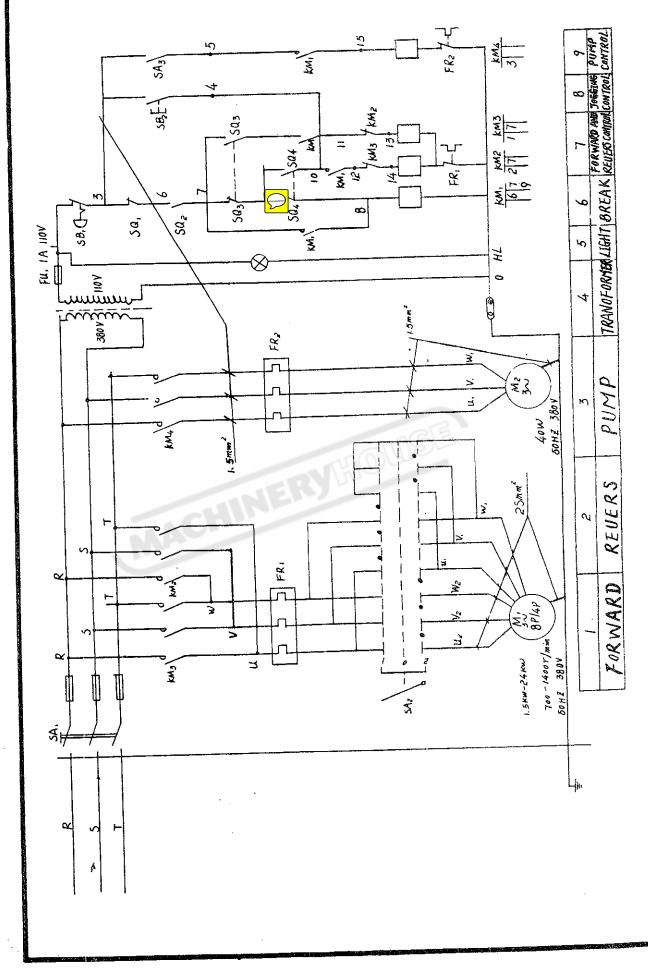


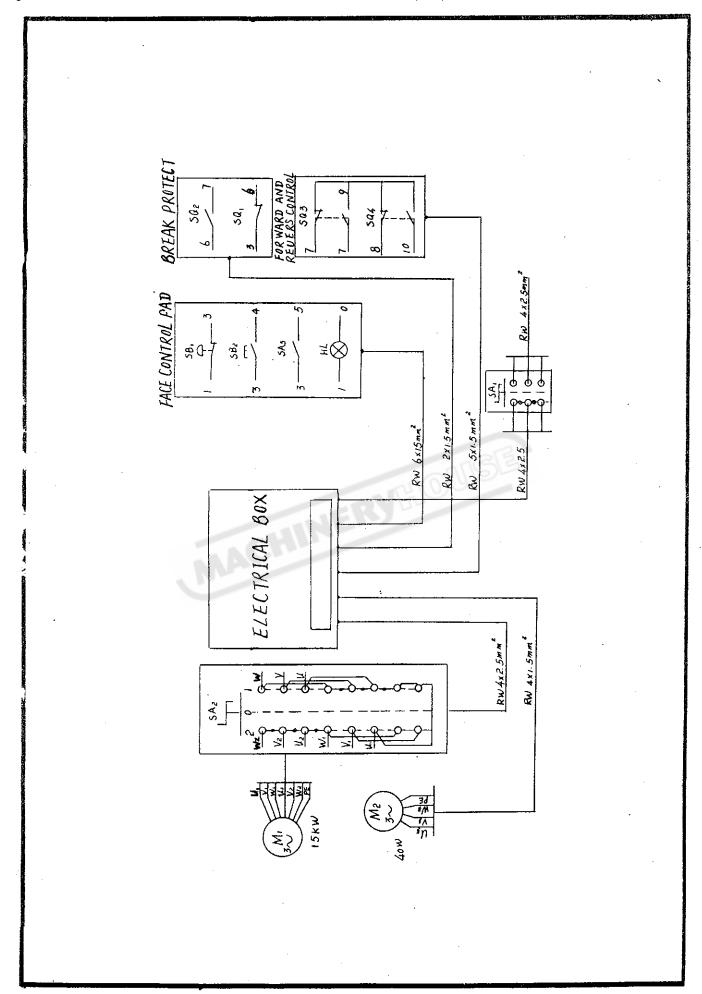
LUBRICATION DIAGRAM

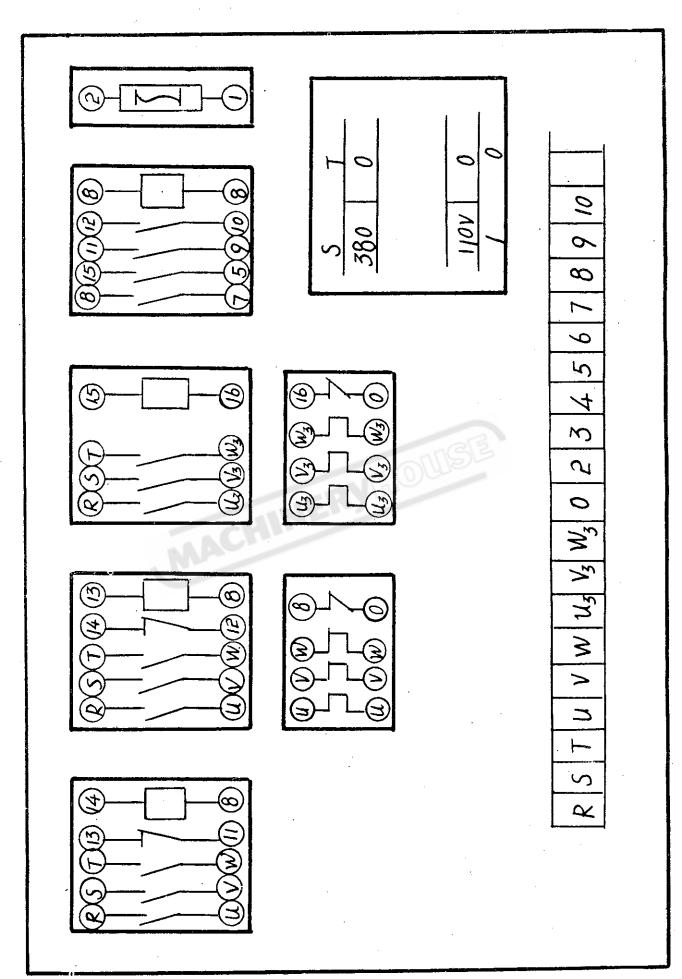


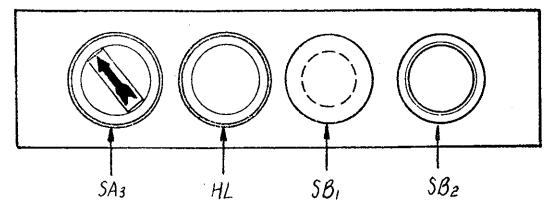


OIL EVERY DAY









SAI: Power switch 3ϕ 3w 10A.

7: Control circuit Transformer 100VA.

MI: Main Motor.

M2: Pump motor'.

\$\mathcal{B}_2\$: Push button switch(jogging switch)type SB 3051A.

S81: Flate type push button type SB 3091B.

HL: Pilot light type.SP 301,110V/15V, color:white.

SA3: Selecting switch. type ST 3021A.

 FU_1 : Fuse base 600V, 30A, type SR-833.

Fu: Grass tube fuse 1A.

KM4: For main motor Reverse AC magnetic contactor coil AC 110V. type c-11G3A1B.

KM: For main motor Forward AC magnetic contactor coil AC110V. type c-11G3A1B.

KM2: For pump motor AC magnetic contactor coil AC 110V. type c—11G3A1a.

FRI: Thermal overload relay for main motor, type RH-18M.

FR2: Thermal overload relay for pump motor, type RH-10E.

KM: AC magnetic contactor coil AC 110V. type c—11G3A1a.

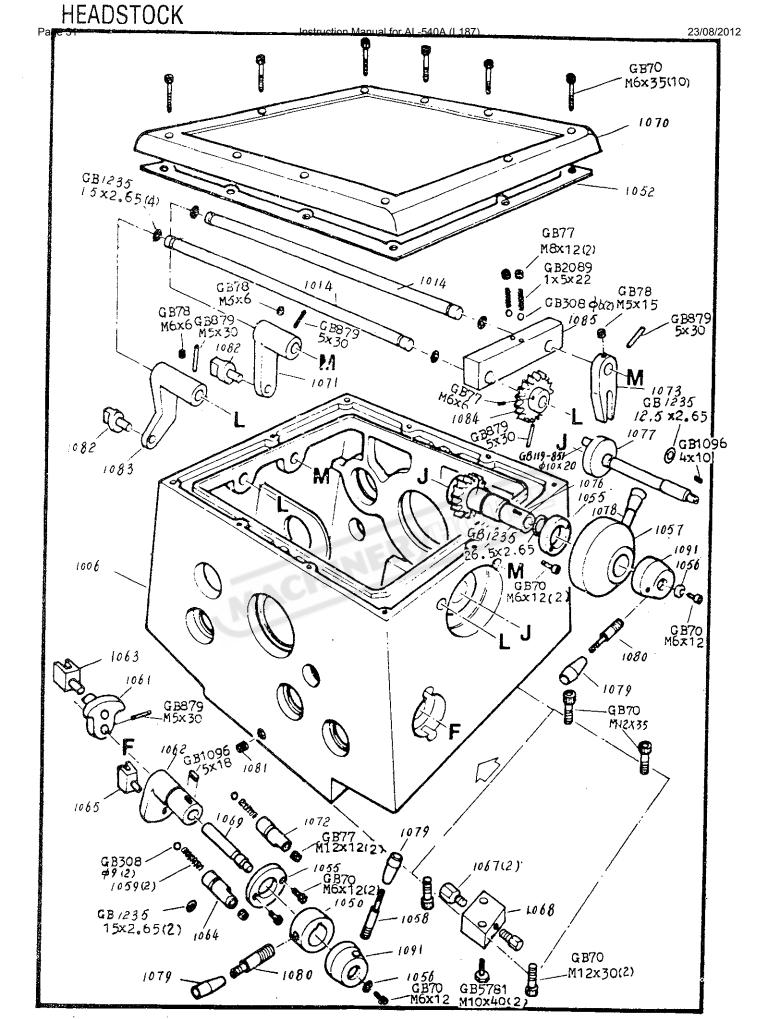
SQ1: Limit switch End cover safety switch type 15G 22—B.

\$62: Limit switch Brake precision, type 15GD—B.

§23: Limit switch Reverse precision, type 15GD—B.

SQ4: Limit switch Forward precision. type 15GD—B.

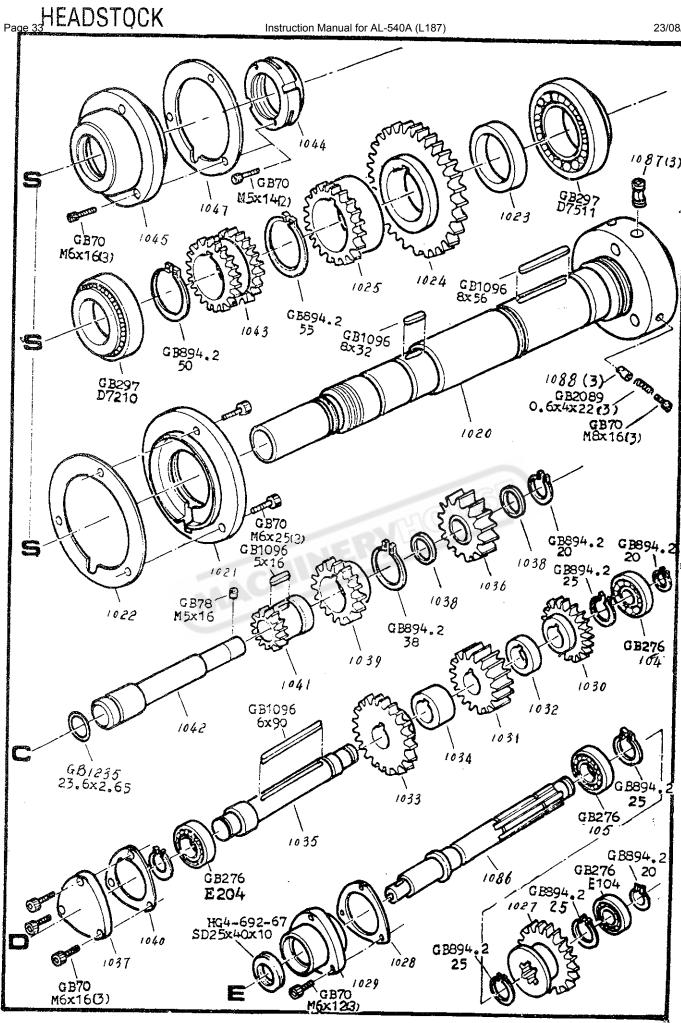
5A2: 2 Speed Motor switch.

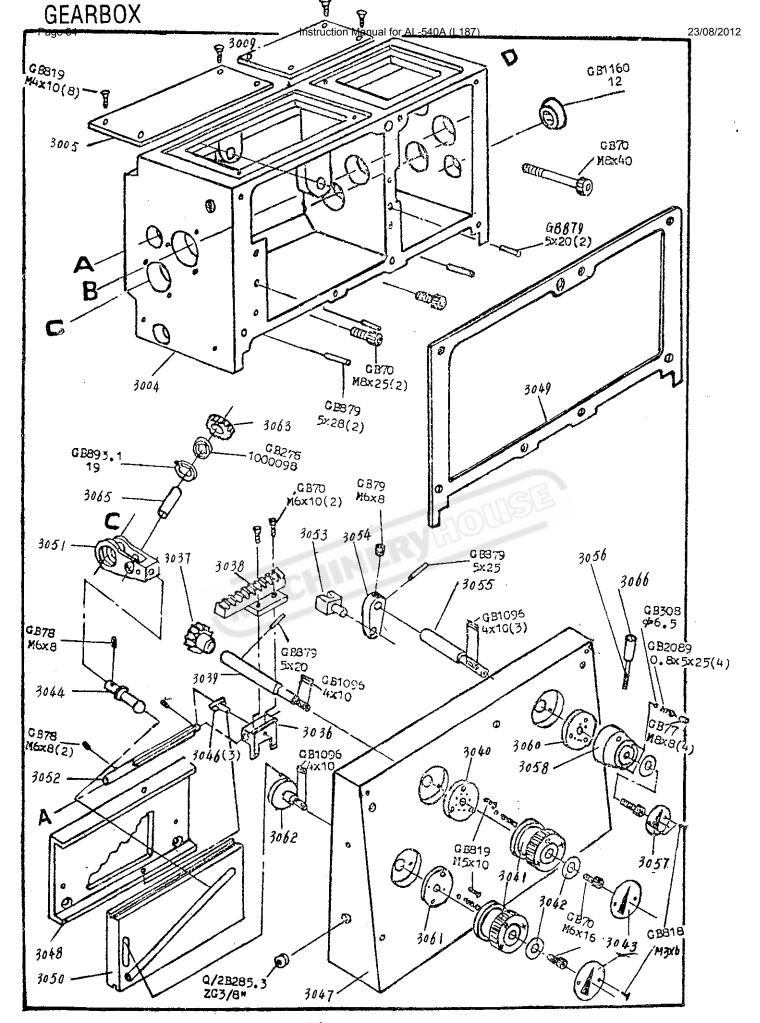


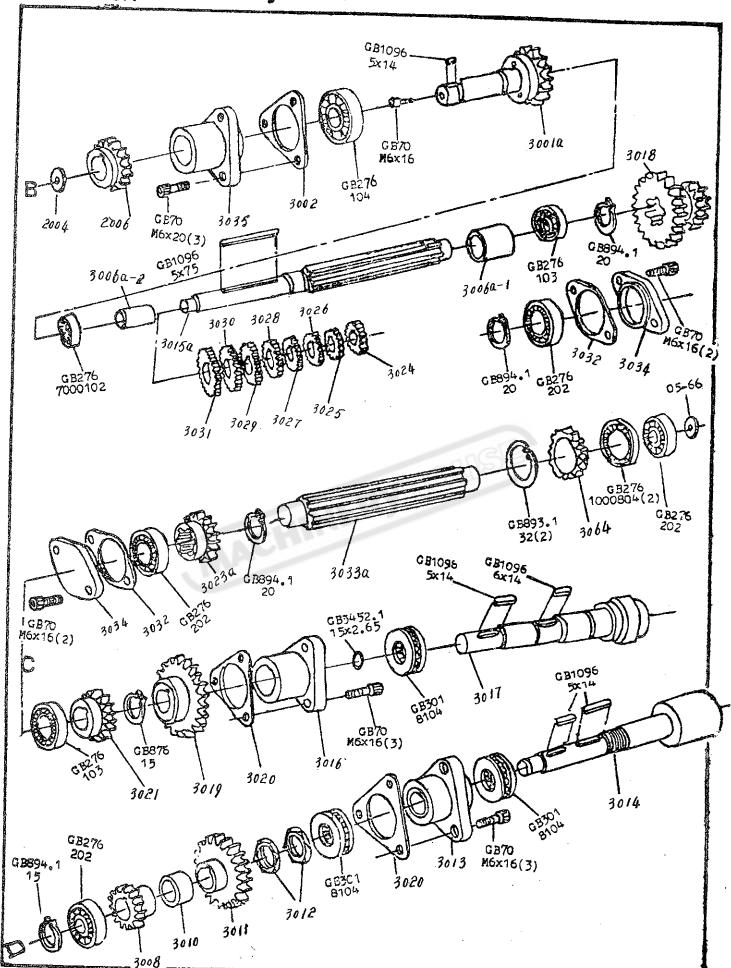
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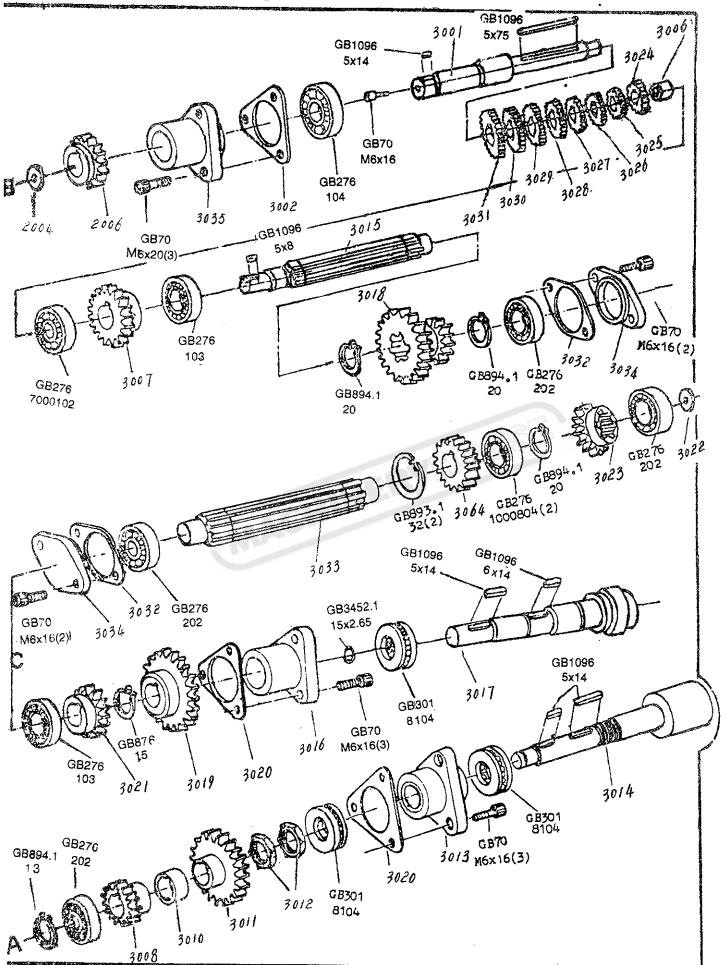
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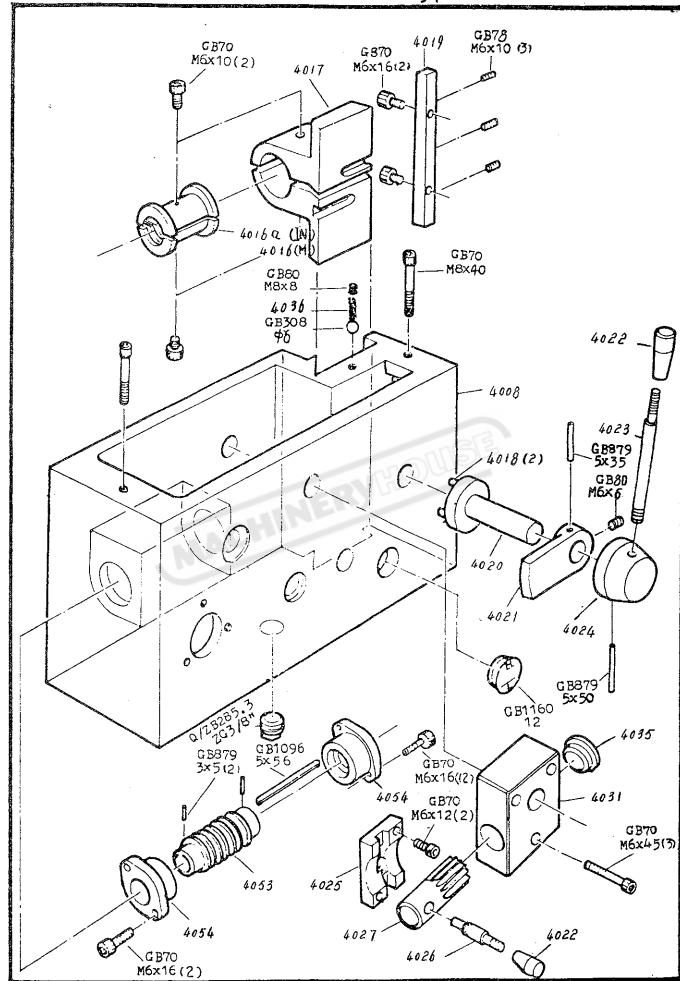


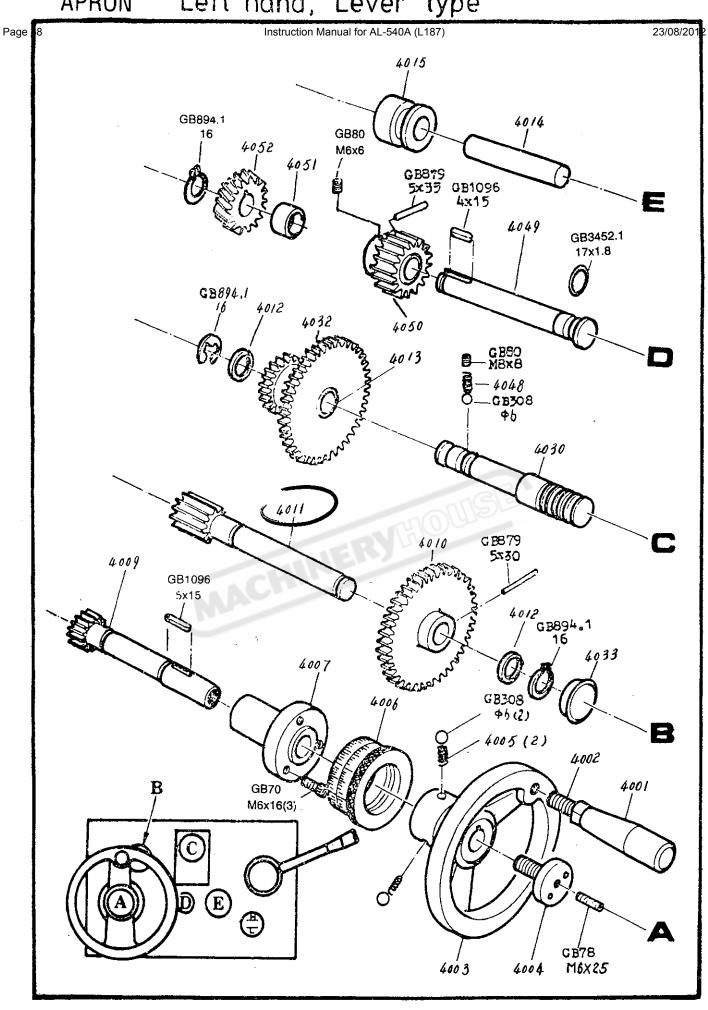


GEARBOX Metrit system

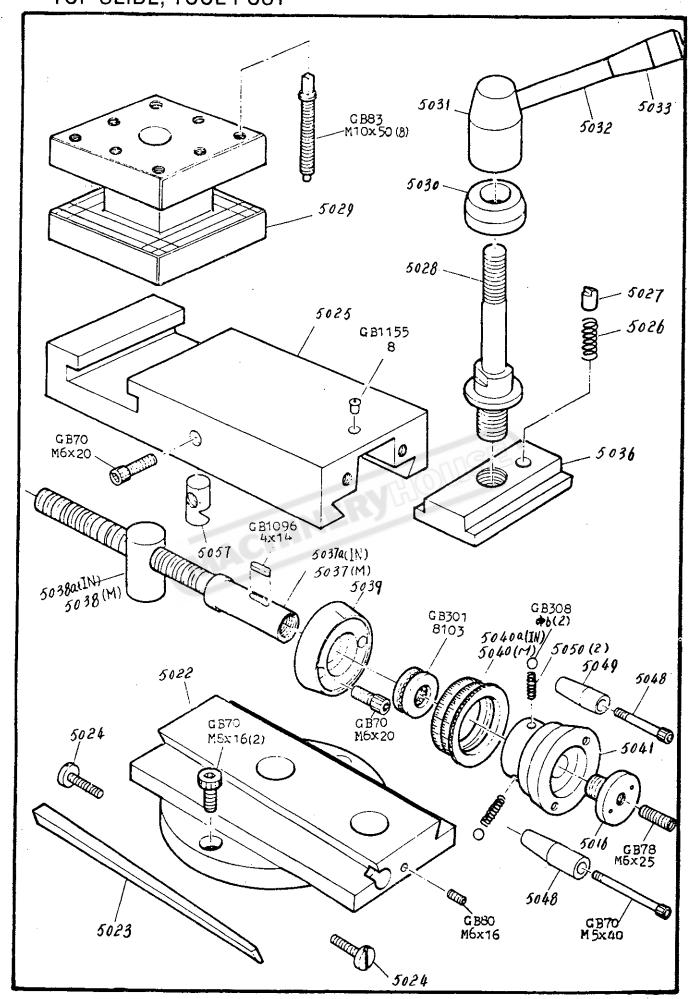


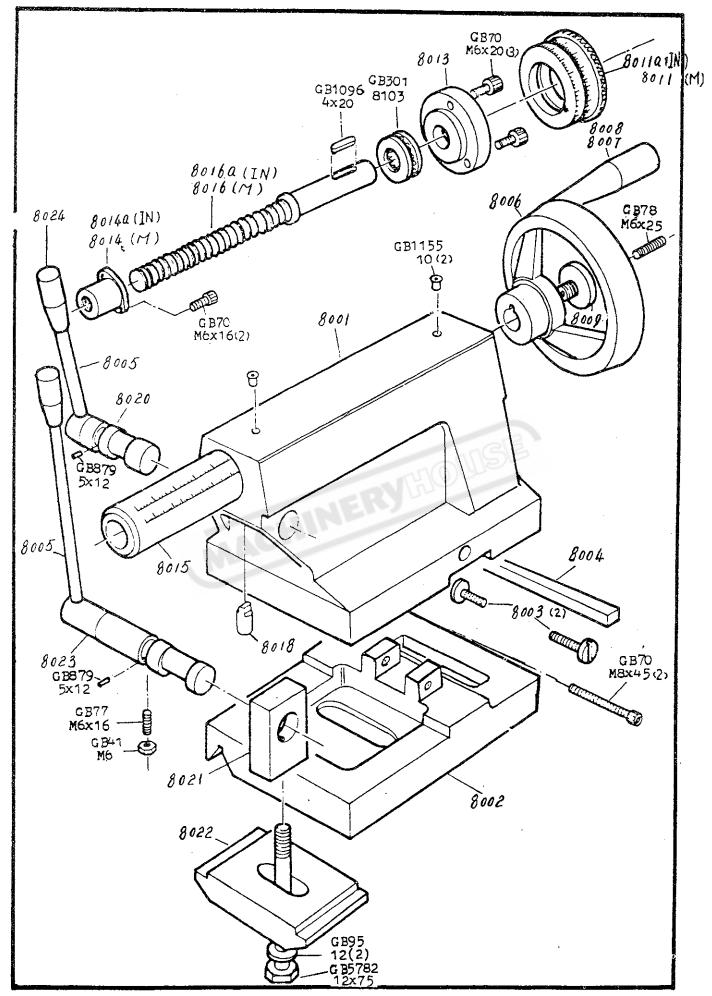
APRON

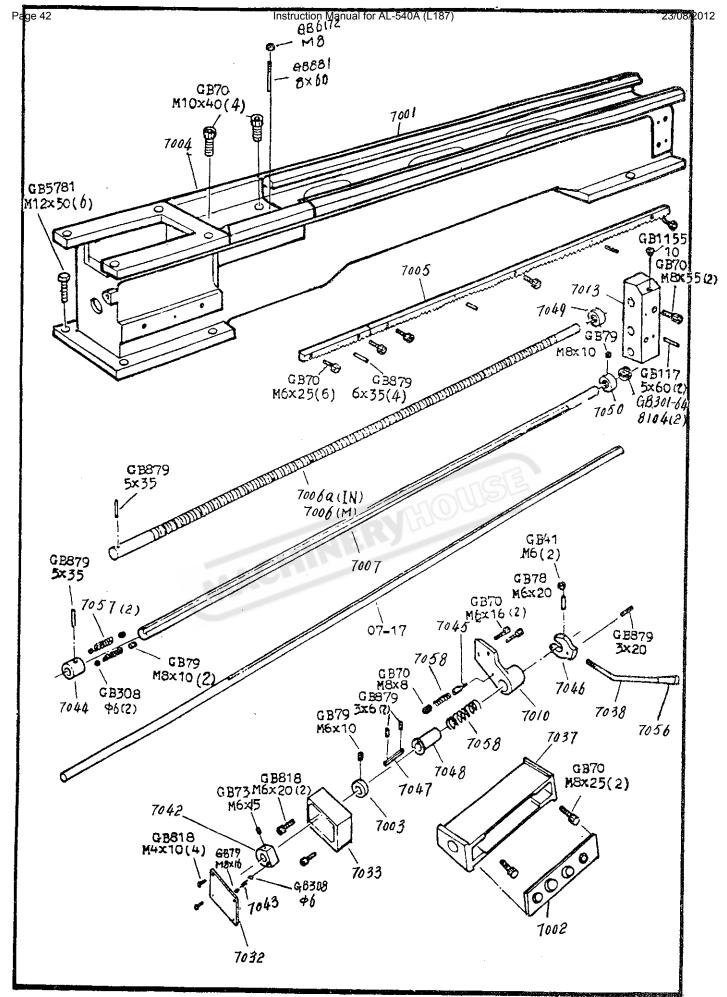


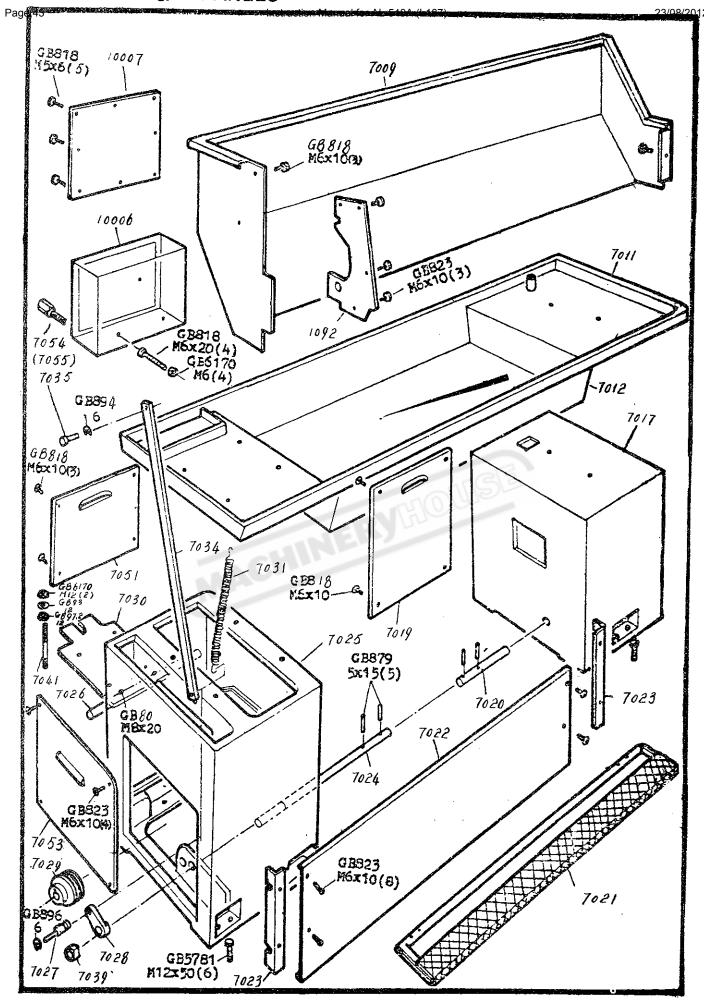


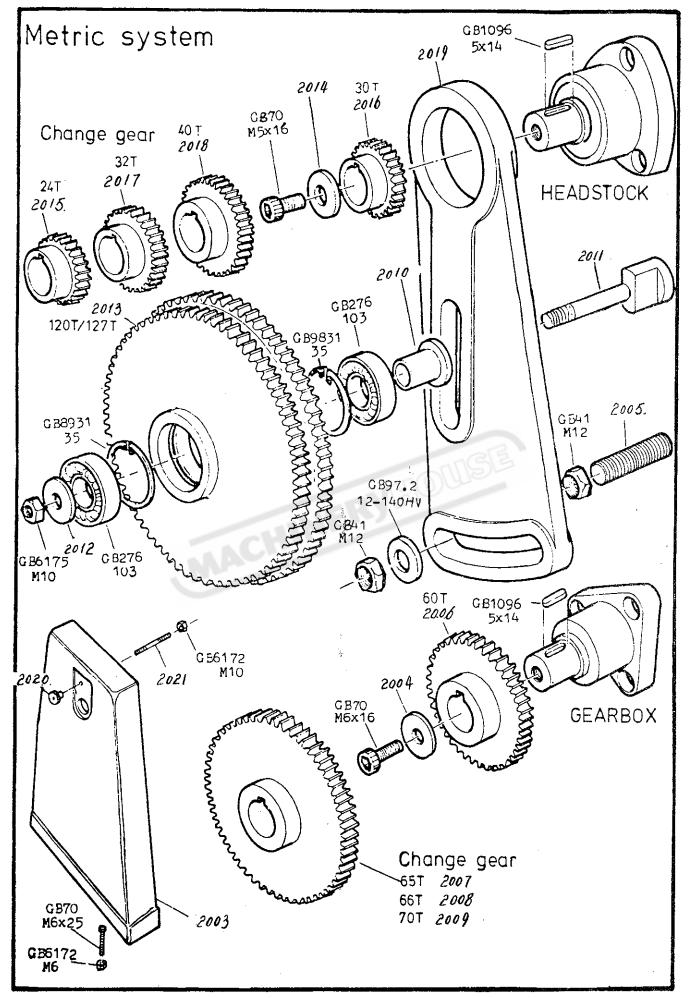
SADDLE & CROSS-SLIDE lelescopic type 3/08/2012 GB70 5009 5024 M6x20 5020 5011 **5053** 5054 5021 G B1155 5021 (E GB70 GB6172 M6x30(2) M10(2) M10(2) OTH'S **6** 5002 GEE0 **A**EXB 5001 GB320 5003 M5 x8(6) 5024 GB819 5007a (IN) 5007(M) M3x5(2) GB827 2x8(2) 5012 5034 GB1096, 4x20 GB1155 5052 GB 1096-79 GB70 M6x12 4 x 20 5008Q(IN)" 5008 (M) 5013 GB301 8102(2) 5015Q (IN) GB308 50 (5 (M) 50/4 GB70 M6×20 \$ 6 (3) GB70 M6x20 5019 GB1155 8(4) GB818 5016 M5x10(3) **GB78** 5056 5051 M6x25 5043 5018 5005 5042 GB705004 M8x20(4) ٩ 5010 5055 GB818 **GB78** M5x10(8) M6x20(3) **GB70** 5010 GB6170 M8x20(2) M6(3) 5044 G B70 M8×20(2)



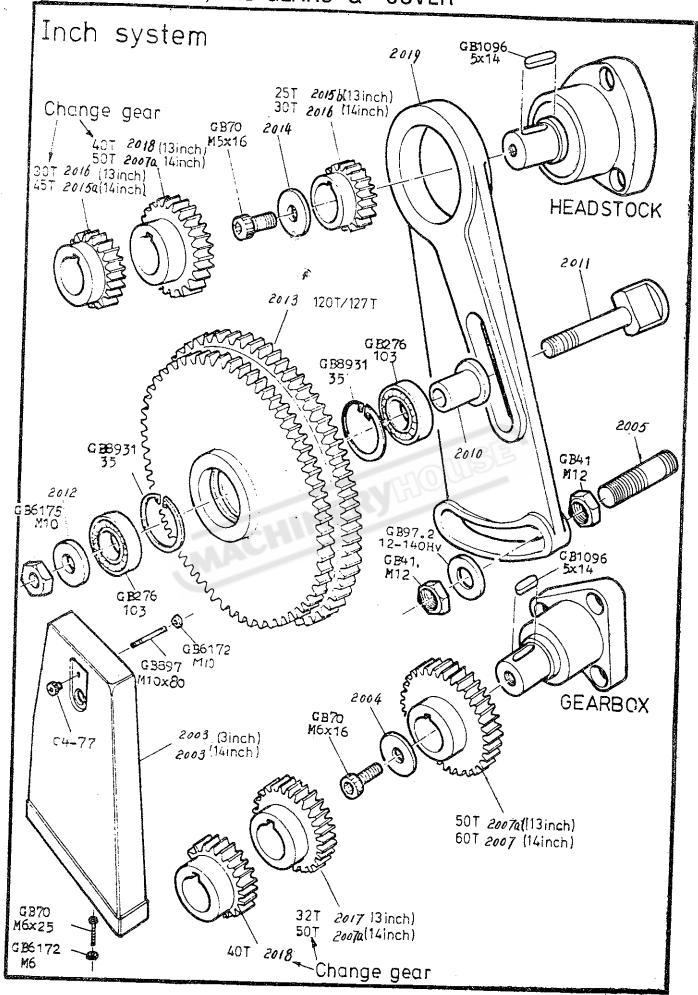


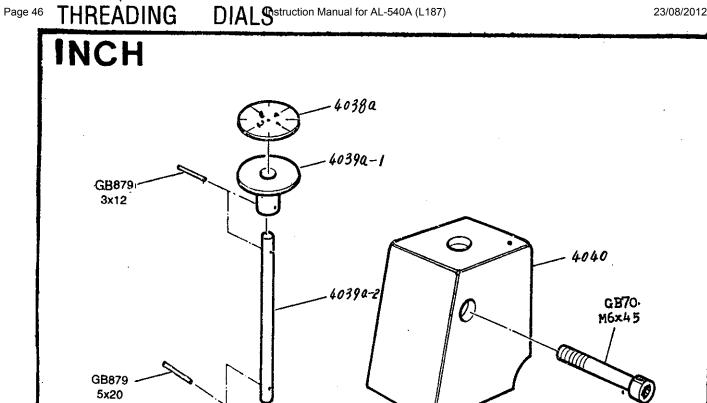






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